

# Modeling gene expression using five histone modifications

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# Outline

1 Biological Background

2 Method

3 Results

4 Moving Forward

# Outline

1 Biological Background

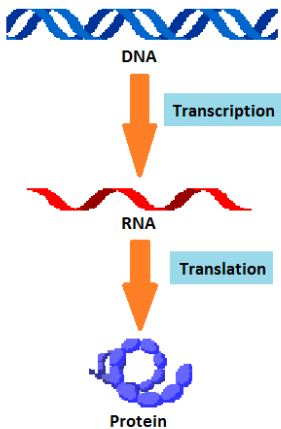
2 Method

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# Gene Expression

Central dogma of molecular biology



# Gene Expression

## Relevance

- Important to understanding biological activity
- Crucial to advances in medicine
- Detection, prevention, and treatment of disease

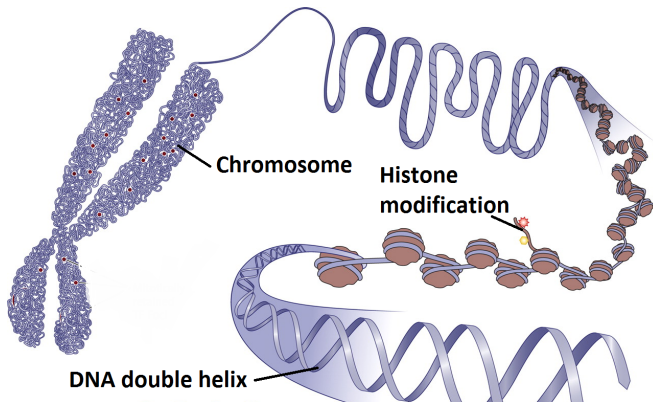
# Gene Expression Regulation

- Genetic
  - Sequences of nucleotides (ACTG)



# Gene Expression Regulation

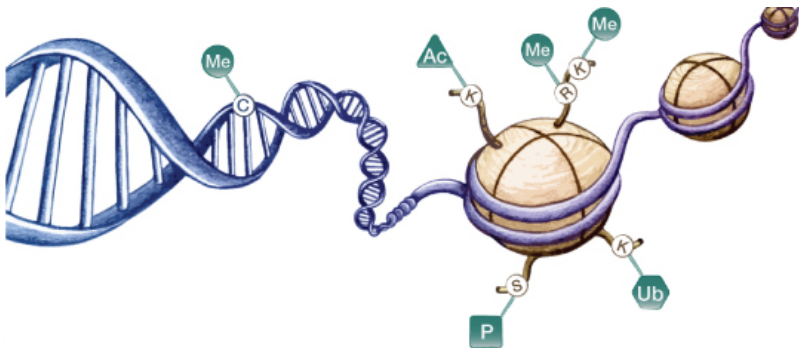
- Epigenetic
  - Changes to environment surrounding DNA



# Epigenetics

## Histone modifications

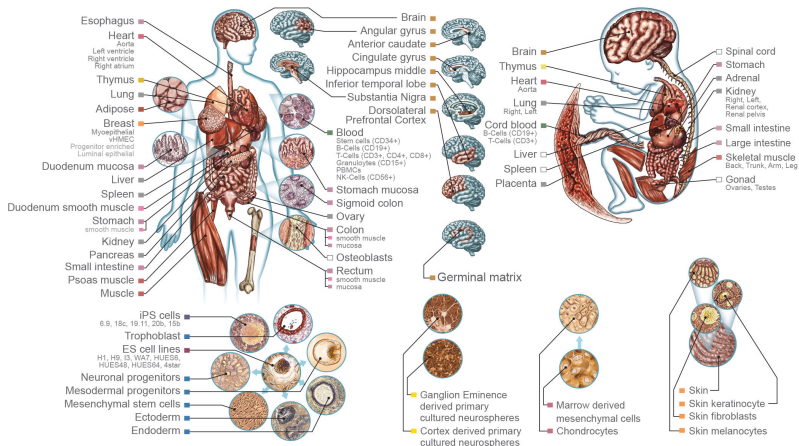
- Chemical changes to histone protein core or protruding tail





# Epigenomes

## Roadmap Project



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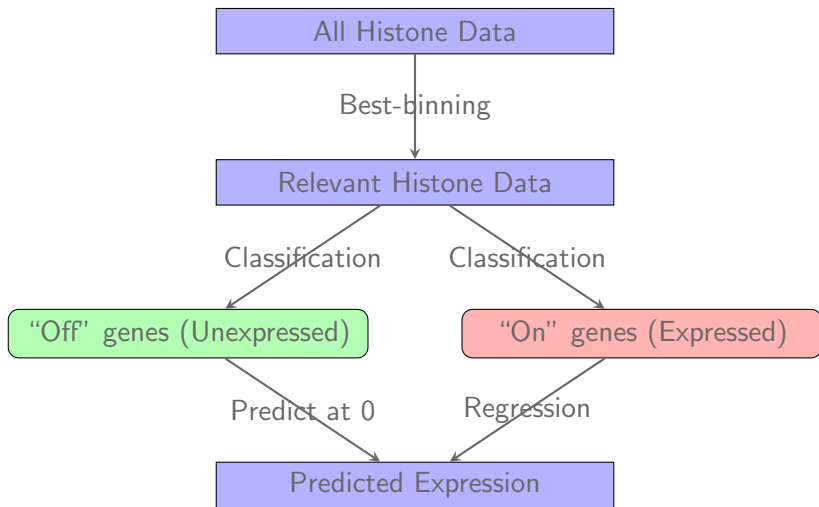
# Data Pipeline

## Objective



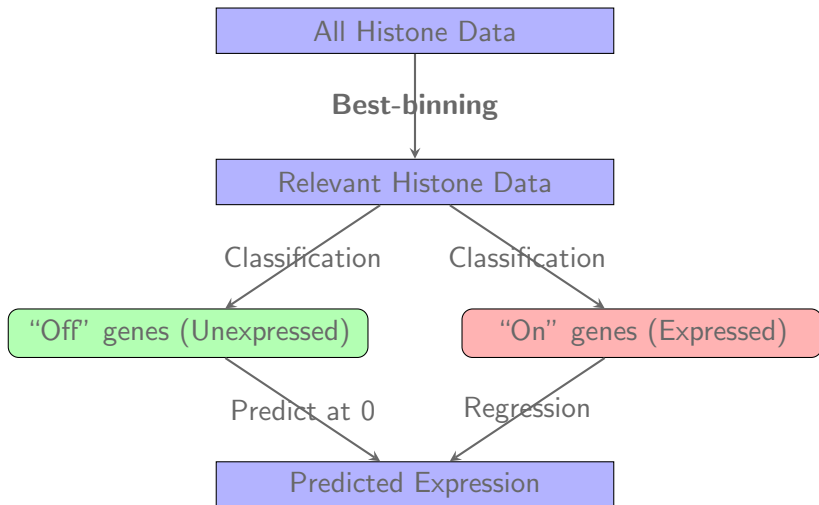
# Data Pipeline

## Overview



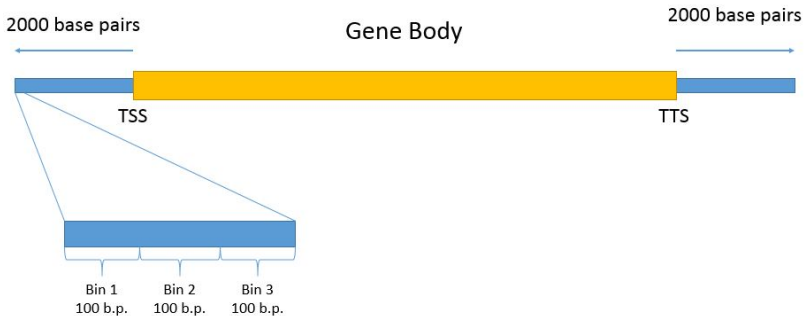
# Data Pipeline

## Best-bin approach



# Best-bin approach

Dividing genes



# Best-bin approach

Choosing best bin

epigenome X, histone mark Y

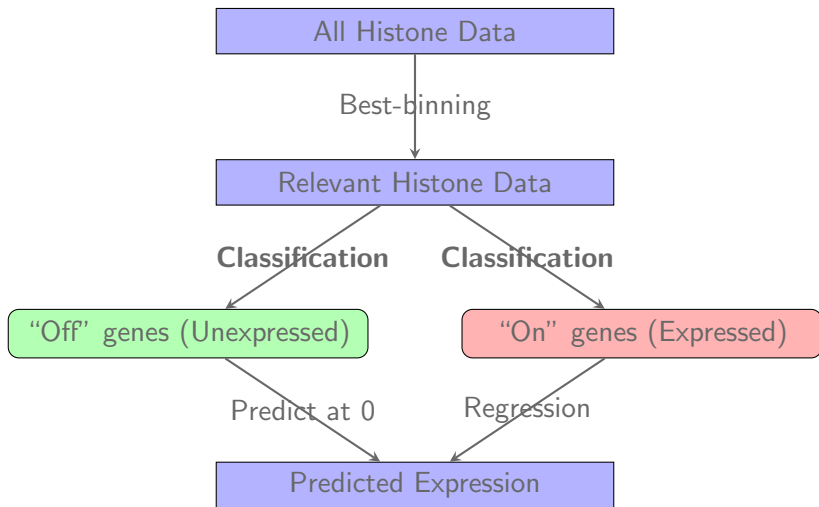
	bin 1	bin 2	bin 3	bin 4	.	.	bin p	.	.	.	bin 81	expression
gene a												
gene b												
gene c												
.												
.												
.												
.												
.												

$p = \text{best bin}$

strongest correlation

# Data Pipeline

## Classification



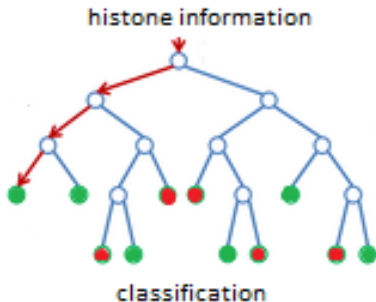


# Types of Models

## Random Forest

### Random Forest model

Returns majority vote of classification determined by a group of decision trees

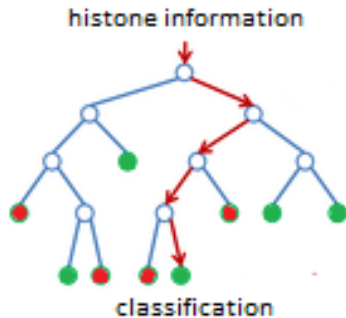
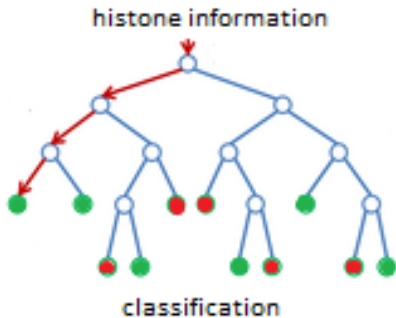


# Types of Models

## Random Forest

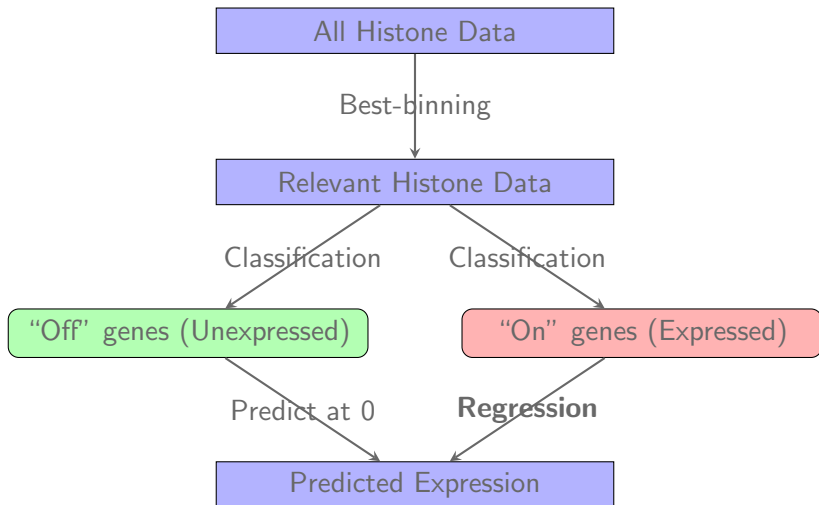
### Random Forest model

Returns majority vote of classification determined by a group of decision trees



# Data Pipeline

## Regression

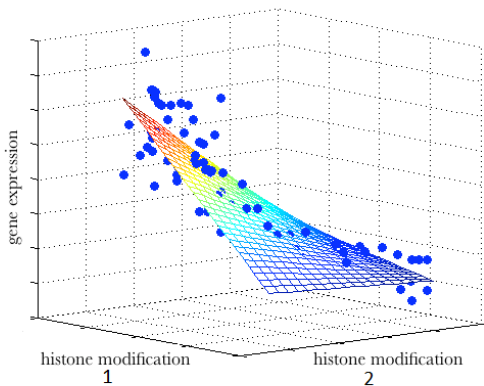


# Types of Models

## Linear Model

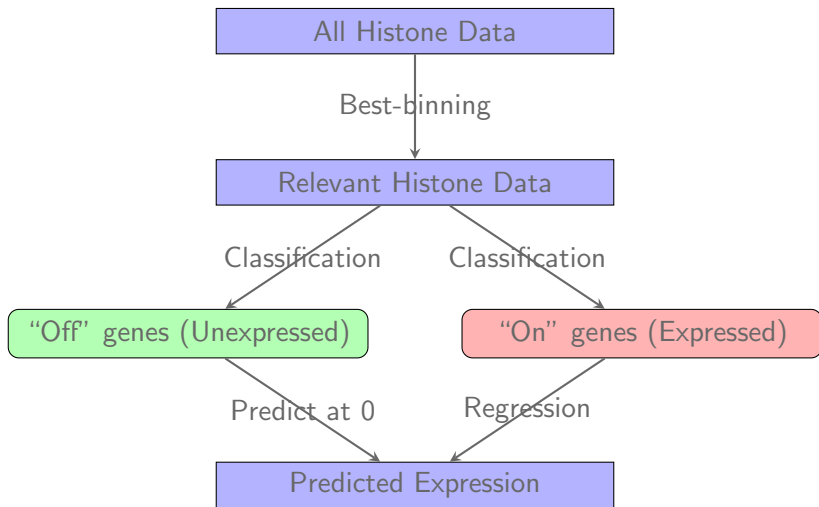
### Linear model

Finds a linear correlation between predictors and response



# Data Pipeline

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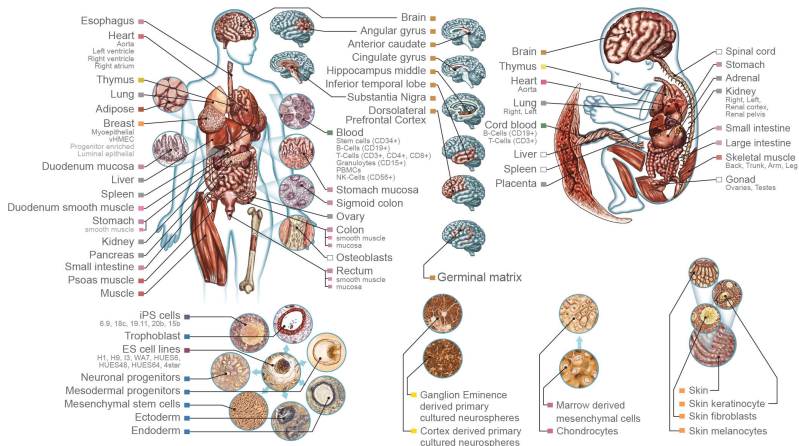
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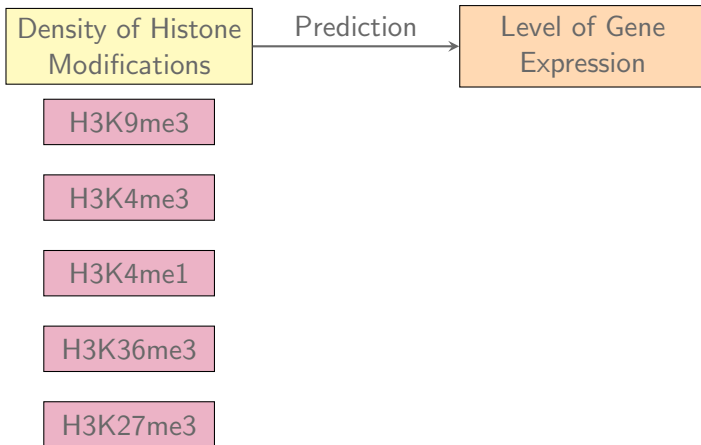
# Epigenomes

## Roadmap Project



# Data Pipeline

## Objective





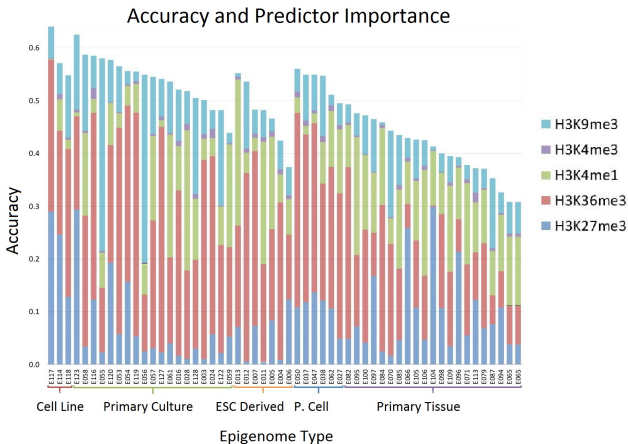
# Results of Pipeline

## Conclusions

- Models created for cultured epigenomes have a much higher predictive power than those created for tissue samples
- H3K36me3 is the most important histone mark used for prediction

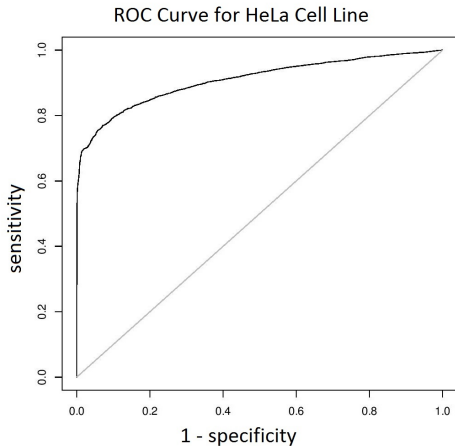
# Results of Pipeline

## Graph



# Specifics of Best Model

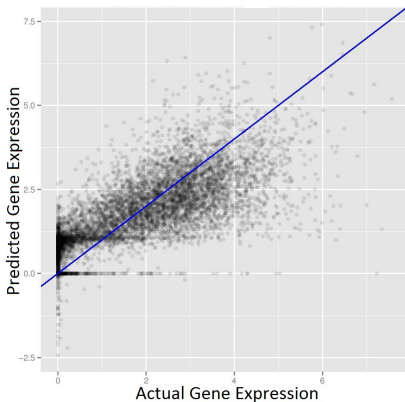
## Classification Accuracy



# Specifics of Best Model

## Regression Accuracy

Actual v. Predicted Gene Expression for HeLa Cell Line



- every data point represents one gene
- $r^2$  value: 0.640

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# Next Steps

- Improve predictive power
- Broaden scope of predictors and response
- Further analysis of current results
- Apply procedure to different data
- Release code as a tool for other researchers

# Acknowledgements

I would like to thank:

- My mentor, Angela Yen
- Prof. Manolis Kellis
- Roadmap Project
- PRIMES program
- My family